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ADVISORS IN:
Real Estate
Affordable Housing Economic Development

Berkeley
A. Jerry Keyser Timothy C. Kelly Debbie M. Kern David Doezema Kevin Feeney

Los Angeles
Kathleen H. Head
James A. Rabe Gregory D. Soo-Hoo Kevin E. Engstrom Julie L. Romey Tim Bretz

San Diego Paul C. Marra

To: Charles Bryant, AICP Community Development Director, City of Emeryville<br>From: Debbie Kern and Kevin Feeney<br>Date: August 12, 2019<br>Subject: Financial Feasibility Analysis of Hypothetical High-Rise Residential Prototypes

In accordance with your request, Keyser Marston Associates, Inc. (KMA) has evaluated the development economics of hypothetical high-rise residential projects as well as the economics of mid-rise residential development, which is currently the predominate residential product type being built in Emeryville. The purpose of the analysis is to determine if the development of high-rise residential projects is likely to be financially feasible given the City's current requirements, including unit mix requirements that limit a project's percentage of studio and one-bedroom units. The findings of the analysis are summarized in this memorandum.

## Background

The City's planning regulations require that residential projects of 10 or more units include a minimum percentage of two- and three-bedroom units. The regulations stipulate that at least $50 \%$ of units must have two or more bedrooms and $15 \%$ of units must have three or more bedrooms. In addition, a maximum of $10 \%$ of units are permitted to be studios. The intent of the regulations is to encourage the development of larger units that can accommodate families with children.

The City has received feedback from applicants proposing high-rise residential projects that the City's unit mix requirements would render their projects financially infeasible. This analysis evaluates and compares the development economics of hypothetical highrise residential prototypes to the economics of mid-rise construction to understand the effect that unit mix requirements have on project feasibility.

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## Development Scenarios

KMA has evaluated the development economics of five hypothetical development scenarios, including one base mid-rise scenario and four high-rise development scenarios. The high-rise scenarios differ in terms of unit mix and the distribution of the affordable housing units within the project. All scenarios provide the requisite percentage of affordable units.

As summarized in Exhibit 1, the scenarios are as follows:

- Scenario 1 - Scenario 1 is a 7 -story, 350 -unit mid-rise rise apartment project with a unit mix that is consistent with the City's requirements. Scenario 1's construction type-five floors of wood frame Type III construction over a twostory podium-is representative of what is currently being built in Emeryville.
- Scenario 2a - Scenario 2a is a 48-story, 510-unit high-rise apartment project of Type I construction, with a unit mix that is consistent with the City's requirements.
- Scenario $2 b$ - Scenario 2 b is a 43 -story, 510 -unit high-rise apartment project of Type I construction. Scenario 2 b assumes a modified unit mix with a lower percentage of two- and three-bedroom units (34\%) than is permitted by the City's requirements.
- Scenario 3a and Scenario 3b are physically identical to Scenario 2a and Scenario 2b but assume that onsite affordable units are provided in the bottom two thirds of the building with the top third of the building reserved for market rate units. Current City policy requires that affordable units be distributed evenly throughout the building. Scenarios 3a and 3b are contingent on the City changing current policy to allow high-rise developments to reserve upper floors for market rate units. The City of San Francisco provides this option to high-rise developments to support feasibility.

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Exhibit 1: Development Scenarios

|  | Scenario 1 <br> Mid-Rise | Scenario 2a <br> High-Rise | Scenario 2b <br> High-Rise | Scenario 3a <br> High-Rise | Scenario 3b <br> High-Rise |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction Type | Type III | Type IA | Type IA | Type IA | Type IA |
| Stories | over IA |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Bldg. Area (sf) | 5 over 2 | 479,871 | 725,968 | 655,589 | 725,968 |
| Ground fl retail (sf) | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 655,589 |
| Residential Units | 350 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 5000 |
| Density (units/acre) | 117 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 |
| 2-3 BR \% of Units | $52 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $52 \%$ | $34 \%$ |
| Average Unit Size | 1,043 | 1,048 | 936 | 1,048 | 936 |
| Affordable \% of Units | $14 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $17 \%$ |
| Affordable Distribution | All Floors | All Floors | All Floors | Bottom 2/3 | Bottom 2/3 |
| Community Benefits | $1.7 \%$ CV | $5.0 \%$ CV | $5.0 \%$ CV | $5.0 \%$ CV | $5.0 \%$ CV |

CV $=$ Construction Valuation.
Physical parameters of development scenarios including building heights, building square footage, and unit sizes are based on a massing study prepared by Arnold Mammarella, Architecture + Consulting on behalf of the City of Emeryville. The share of affordable units and the level of community benefits reflect the City's development bonus policy, which requires projects seeking height, floor area, or density above the base zoning to earn bonus points through the provision of affordable housing and other community benefits. High-rise scenarios would require the maximum of 100 bonus points, assumed to be earned by providing $17 \%$ onsite affordable units and a community benefits payment of $5.0 \%$ of the construction valuation. The mid-rise scenario, which does not maximize the height, floor area, or density of the site, would require 37 bonus points, assumed to be earned by providing $14 \%$ onsite affordable units and a community benefits payment of $1.7 \%$ of the construction valuation.

## Financial Feasibility Analysis

To assess the financial feasibility of the development scenarios, KMA has prepared a development pro forma for each scenario which models the costs to develop a new residential project, the rental income generated by the project upon completion, the magnitude of investment supported by the project's rental income, and the financial return or profit that the project will generate. For purposes of this analysis, the pro forma is organized as a residual land value analysis. Under this approach, the project's development costs (excluding land acquisition costs) are subtracted from the project's value to determine the magnitude of residual value available for land acquisition. The

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residual land value yielded by the pro forma analysis is then compared with recent land sale transactions in the Emeryville market area for property purchased for residential development to determine if the project's economics can afford to fund development costs and purchase land at current market rates. If the residual land value approximates current land sale transactions, then the analysis indicates that a project is likely to be financially feasible.

It should be noted that every project is different, every site is unique, and different developers have different investment return requirements. Because of these differences, a pro forma analysis of a hypothetical project provides an "order of magnitude" indicator of financial feasibility but not a precise measure of feasibility of a specific project.

## Estimated Development Costs

Exhibit 2 provides a summary comparison of the estimated development costs of each scenario, excluding land acquisition costs.

Exhibit 2: Development Costs Per Square Foot (Excluding Land)

|  | Scenario 1 <br> Mid-Rise | Scenario 2a <br> High-Rise | Scenario 2b <br> High-Rise | Scenario 3a <br> High-Rise | Scenario 3b <br> High-Rise |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direct Costs | $\$ 333 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 395 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 392 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 395 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 392 / \mathrm{sf}$ |
| Community Benefits Rqmt. ${ }^{1}$ | $\$ 5 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 20 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 20 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 20 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 20 / \mathrm{sf}$ |
| Other Soft Costs | $\underline{\$ 118 / s f}$ | $\underline{\$ 140 / \mathrm{sf}}$ | $\underline{\$ 141 / \mathrm{sf}}$ | $\underline{\$ 140 / \mathrm{sf}}$ | $\underline{\$ 141 / \mathrm{sf}}$ |
| Total Costs, Ex. Land | $\$ 456 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 555 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 553 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 555 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $\$ 553 / \mathrm{sf}$ |

${ }^{1}$ See page 3 for explanation of difference in community benefits requirements between mid-rise and highrise scenarios.

As shown, the total estimated development cost of the mid-rise prototype is in the range of $\$ 455$ per gross square foot of building area (excluding land). In comparison, the cost of high-rise prototypes approximates $\$ 555$ per gross square foot of building area, or $22 \%$ more than the cost of mid-rise construction. The costs include direct construction costs and all indirect or soft costs of development such as architecture and engineering, governmental fees and permits, taxes, insurance, tenant improvements, financing, and developer overhead and administration.

Physical differences explain the cost variation among high-rise development scenarios. Scenario 2 a is five stories taller than Scenario 2 b , which is estimated to result in slightly higher direct construction costs based on estimates published by Marshall \& Swift and RS Means. Scenario 2b includes smaller units than Scenario 2a, which results in higher soft costs per square foot for governmental fees, many of which are assessed on a per

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unit basis. Soft costs for retail tenant improvements are also higher on a square foot basis under Scenario 2b, because retail comprises a greater share of the building area under this scenario.

## Estimated Rental Income

Estimated market rate apartment rents are informed by a survey of comparable projects (see attached Table 12) in the Emeryville market area. As shown in Exhibit 3, monthly rental rates in new mid-rise developments range from $\$ 3,165$ for studio units to $\$ 5,485$ for three-bedroom units. Assuming the City's target mix of unit sizes, the average monthly rental rate is $\$ 4,200$ per unit, or $\$ 4.03$ per square foot.

Exhibit 3: Rental Income Assumptions

|  | Mid-Rise <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Unit Size |  |  | Monthly Rent | $\$ / \mathrm{sf}$ | Unit Size |  |  | Monthly Rent | $\$ / \mathrm{sf}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Residential |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Studio | 548 | $\$ 3,165$ | $\$ 5.78$ | 608 | $\$ 3,980$ | $\$ 6.55$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1BR | 792 | $\$ 3,660$ | $\$ 4.62$ | 817 | $\$ 4,535$ | $\$ 5.55$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2BR | 1,228 | $\$ 4,515$ | $\$ 3.68$ | 1,222 | $\$ 5,370$ | $\$ 4.39$ |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR | 1,535 | $\$ 5,485$ | $\$ 3.57$ | 1,416 | $\$ 5,860$ | $\$ 4.14$ |  |  |  |  |
| Penthouse | $\underline{\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}}$ | $\underline{\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}}$ | $\underline{\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}}$ | $\underline{2,052}$ | $\underline{\$ 10,000}$ | $\underline{\$ 4.87}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Wtd. Average | 1,041 | $\$ 4,200$ | $\$ 4.03$ | 1,049 | $\$ 5,080$ | $\$ 4.84$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | $20,000 \mathrm{sf}$ |  | $\$ 3.33 / \mathrm{sf}$ | $20,000 \mathrm{sf}$ |  | $\$ 3.33 / \mathrm{sf}$ |  |  |  |  |

Market rate units in high-rise projects are estimated to command a rent premium relative to mid-rise units of the same size and type. The rent premium for units on the first seven floors of high-rise projects is estimated to be $5 \%$ greater than the rents of similar mid-rise units. The rent premium is estimated to increase by $0.75 \%$ per floor for units located above the seventh floor due to their superior views. For example, the rent premium for a unit on the ninth floor of a high-rise development is estimated to be $6.5 \%$ ( $5 \%$ base premium plus $0.75 \%$ for each floor above seven). The rent premium for high-rise developments is based on analysis of recently built apartment towers in San Francisco.

As shown in Exhibit 3, with the high-rise rent premiums, it is estimated that monthly rental rates in a high-rise project would range from approximately $\$ 3,980$ for studio units to $\$ 5,860$ for three-bedroom units and $\$ 10,000$ for penthouse units. The average blended monthly rental rate assuming the City's target mix of units would approximate $\$ 5,080$ per unit or $\$ 4.84$ per square foot. In summary, it is estimated that a high-rise

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project would command a $20 \%$ rental premium over mid-rise construction assuming the same mix of units.

Exhibit 4 summarizes the average market rate apartment rent per square foot estimated for each of the development scenarios, reflecting differences in unit mix, building type, and rent premiums.

Exhibit 4: Average Monthly Market Rate Apartment Rent Per Square Foot


As shown in the comparison of Scenario $2 b$ to $2 a$, relaxing the unit mix requirement to permit only $30 \%$ two- and three-bedroom units (versus the City's target of $50 \%$ two- and three-bedroom units), increases the average rental rate by approximately $4.3 \%$. And, as shown in the comparison of Scenario 3a to Scenario 2a, permitting the upper third of building floors to be dedicated to solely market rate units increases the average rent by $0.8 \%$ to $0.9 \%$. Scenario $3 b$ represents the combination of relaxing the unit mix requirement and restricting affordable units to the lower floor. As shown, the average rental rate is $\$ 5.08$ per square foot, which is $5.1 \%$ more than the base rate for a high-rise project (Scenario 2a) and $25.1 \%$ higher than the base rate for a mid-rise project.

## Warranted Investment, Residual Land Value, and Financial Returns

To calculate the developer investment warranted by each scenario, KMA first estimated the Net Operating Income (NOI), which is equal to the annual rental income minus operating expenses. The NOI is then divided by a blended $5.05 \%$ developer return on cost (ROC) to estimate the amount of investment (or cost) is warranted by the project's income. The ROC threshold of $5.05 \%$ reflects current investor return requirements for

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new multifamily apartment projects in the San Francisco Bay Area based on the returns generated by recently sold apartment properties with ground floor retail and San Francisco Bay apartment investor underwriting requirements published by Situs RERC, Integra Realty Resources, and CBRE.

Residual land value is calculated as the difference between the warranted investment of each scenario and the development costs other than land. The residual land value represents the amount a project can afford to pay for a development site while still achieving an industry standard return on cost (ROC) of $5.05 \%$. Given that land costs reflect a smaller component of costs for a high-rise development than for a mid-rise project, we have also evaluated each scenario's estimated ROC assuming a land acquisition cost of $\$ 238$ per square foot of land area, which is based on recent land sales for multifamily development in the market area. ${ }^{1}$

Exhibit 5 presents the estimated returns of each scenario, measured in terms of both return on cost (assuming a land acquisition cost of $\$ 238$ per square foot) and residual land value (assuming a standard return on cost threshold of 5.05\%). As shown, the midrise prototype (Scenario 1) is estimated to support a land value of $\$ 240$ per square foot of land, which is slightly higher than the average price of recent transactions. Assuming the market average land price of $\$ 238$ per square foot of land, it is estimated that the mid-rise project would yield a $5.06 \%$ return on cost, which is slightly higher than the estimated current industry standard threshold of 5.05\%.

As shown, all of the high-rise scenarios are estimated to yield a lower return on cost or residual land value than the mid-rise scenario. Scenario 3b, which benefits from both a mix of smaller units and all market rate units on the top floors, is the top-performing highrise scenario with an estimated $5.00 \%$ ROC or a residual land value of $\$ 220$ per square foot of land area. It is followed by Scenario 2 b , which also benefits from the mix of smaller units, with a supported land value of $\$ 191$ per square foot or a ROC of $4.96 \%$. The least profitable high-rise scenario is Scenario 2a, which reflects both the City's required mix of larger units and the City's standard policy that affordable units be distributed throughout a project. Scenario 2a's estimated ROC is $4.82 \%$ and its supported residual land value is $\$ 99$ per square foot of land area.

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Exhibit 5: Developer Return on Cost, Based on Prevailing Land Prices

|  | Scenario 1 <br> Mid-Rise | Scenario 2a <br> High-Rise | Scenario 2b <br> High-Rise | Scenario 3a <br> High-Rise | Scenario 3b <br> High-Rise |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual NOI | $\$ 12.6 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 20.9 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 19.5 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 21.2 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 19.7 \mathrm{M}$ |
| Development Cost |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before Land | $\$ 218.8 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 402.9 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 362.6 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 402.9 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 362.6 \mathrm{M}$ |
| Land @ \$238/sf land | $\$ 31.1 \mathrm{M}$ | $\underline{\$ 31.1 \mathrm{M}}$ | $\$ 31.1 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 31.1 \mathrm{M}$ | $\underline{\$ 31.1 \mathrm{M}}$ |
| Total Cost, incl. Land | $\$ 249.9 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 434.0 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 393.7 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 434.0 \mathrm{M}$ | $\$ 393.7 \mathrm{M}$ |
| Return on Cost \% | $5.06 \%$ | $4.82 \%$ | $4.96 \%$ | $4.88 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ |
| Residual Land Value | $\$ 240 /$ sf land | $\$ 99 /$ sf land | $\$ 191 /$ sf land | $\$ 135 /$ sf land | $\$ 220 /$ sf land |
| Assuming 5.05\% ROC |  |  |  |  |  |

## Summary of Findings and Conclusions

The findings of the pro forma analyses indicate that the rental income generated by a high-rise multifamily apartment project is likely to be sufficient to support $100 \%$ of a project's development costs excluding land acquisition costs, but it is not likely to be sufficient to yield a rate of return that is commensurate with current industry targets for multifamily rental projects. The primary driver of this conclusion is that current market rents are not sufficient to cover the cost of high-rise construction.

It is important to note that while projected returns are somewhat less than industry standards, the analysis does not indicate that developing a high-rise project is financially infeasible, even with all of the City's current policies. This is an analysis of a hypothetical project and the return requirements of specific projects and developers can vary significantly, depending on the sources of capital, the developer's / investor's overall business strategy, business segmentation, etc.

Another finding of the analysis is that the development economics of high-rise apartment projects could be significantly improved if the City modifies some of its regulations, including:

1) reducing the required percentage of two- and three-bedroom units; and
2) relaxing the requirement that affordable units be evenly distributed throughout the development.

With changes to these policies, it is estimated that the development economics of highrise construction would approach the economics of mid-rise construction.

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## Technical Appendix

The pro forma analysis and supporting market data are provided in the attached Tables 1 through 16.

Pro Forma Analysis
Table $1 \quad$ Pro Forma Summary
Table 2 Rental Pro Forma; Scenario 1
Table 3 Rental Pro Forma; Scenario 2a
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Table 15 Calculation of View Premium by Floor
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Table 1
Pro Forma Summary
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|  | Scenario 1 <br> Mid-Rise <br> $\sim 50 \%$ 2/3 BR BMR All Floors <br> Table 2 | Scenario 2a High-Rise ~50\% 2/3 BR BMR All Floors $+5 \%$ Rent Premium Table 3 | Scenario 2b <br> High-Rise <br> ~30\% 2/3 BR <br> BMR All Floors $+5 \%$ Rent Premium <br> Table 4 | Scenario 3a <br> High-Rise <br> -50\% 2/3 BR <br> BMR Bottom 2/3 $+5 \%$ Rent Premium <br> Table 5 | Scenario 3b <br> High-Rise <br> ~30\% 2/3 BR <br> BMR Bottom 2/3 $+5 \%$ Rent Premium <br> Table 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. Development Program |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction Type | Type III | Type IA | Type IA | Type IA | Type IA |
| Stories | 7 | 48 | 43 | 48 | 43 |
| Density (du/acre) | 117 | 170 | 170 | 170 | 170 |
| Gross Building Area (GSF) | 479,871 | 725,968 | 655,589 | 725,968 | 655,589 |
| Residential Units | 350 | 510 | 510 | 510 | 510 |
| Average Unit Size (NSF) | 1,043 | 1,048 | 936 | 1,048 | 936 |
| Parking Ratio | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Unit Mix |  |  |  |  |  |
| Studio | 9\% | 10\% | 19\% | 10\% | 19\% |
| 1BR | 39\% | 38\% | 47\% | 38\% | 47\% |
| 2BR | 37\% | 36\% | 27\% | 36\% | 27\% |
| 3BR | 15\% | 15\% | 7\% | 15\% | 7\% |
|  | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% |
| II. Total Development Cost |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total \$ | \$218.8M | \$402.9M | \$362.6M | \$402.9M | \$362.6M |
| Per Unit | \$625,000 | \$790,000 | \$711,000 | \$790,000 | \$711,000 |
| Per GSF | \$456 | \$555 | \$553 | \$555 | \$553 |
| III. Income Assumptions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market Apartments |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units (\%) | 301 (86\%) | 423 (83\%) | 423 (83\%) | 423 (83\%) | 423 (83\%) |
| \$/Unit | \$4,200 | \$5,080 | \$4,725 | \$5,130 | \$4,765 |
| \$/SF | \$4.03 | \$4.84 | \$5.04 | \$4.88 | \$5.08 |
| BMR Apartments |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units (\%) | 49 (14\%) | 87 (17\%) | 87 (17\%) | 87 (17\%) | 87 (17\%) |
| \$/Unit | \$1,701 | \$1,690 | \$1,634 | \$1,690 | \$1,634 |
| \$/SF | \$1.61 | \$1.62 | \$1.75 | \$1.63 | \$1.77 |
| Retail |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$/SF (NNN) | \$3.33 | \$3.33 | \$3.33 | \$3.33 | \$3.33 |
| IV. Residual Land Value |  |  |  |  |  |
| Supported Investment | \$250.1M | \$415.8M | \$387.6M | \$420.6M | \$391.4M |
| (less) Development Cost | -\$218.8M | -\$402.9M | -\$362.6M | -\$402.9M | -\$362.6M |
| Residual Land Value | \$31.3M | \$12.9M | \$25.0M | \$17.7M | \$28.8M |
| \$ Per Unit | \$89,000 | \$25,000 | \$49,000 | \$35,000 | \$56,000 |
| \$ Per Land SF | \$240 | \$99 | \$191 | \$136 | \$220 |

Table 2
Rental Pro Forma; Scenario 1
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| Program: Scenario 1 |  |  |  |  |  | Development Costs |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$/GSF | \$/Unit | Total \$ | \%Directs |
| Site Area |  |  |  | 130,680 | SF | Direct Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Stories |  |  |  | 7 |  | Demo/ Sitework | \$11 | \$15,600 | \$5,454,440 | 3\% |
|  |  |  |  | Residential Construction | \$283 | \$387,600 | \$135,661,945 | 85\% |
| Building Area |  |  |  |  |  | Non-Residential Construction | \$11 | \$15,400 | \$5,400,000 | 3\% |
| Apartments (Net) |  |  |  |  |  | 365,005 | SF | Parking | \$27 | \$37,500 | \$13,134,000 | 8\% |
| Retail (Net) |  |  |  | 20,000 |  | Total, Directs | \$333 | \$456,100 | \$159,650,385 | 100\% |
| Common/Circ. |  |  |  | 94,866 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (excl Pkg) |  |  |  | 479,871 |  | Indirect Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Building Efficiency |  |  |  | 80\% |  | Fees \& Permits (Table 6) | \$35 | \$48,500 | \$16,970,293 | 11\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Retail Tenant Improvements | \$2 | \$2,900 | \$1,000,000 | 1\% |
| Parking Spaces |  |  |  | 283 |  | Other Soft Costs (incl. A\&E) | \$50 | \$68,400 | \$23,947,558 | 15\% |
| Parking Sq. Ft. |  |  |  | 109,450 | SF | Contingency | \$17 | \$22,800 | \$7,982,519 | 5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total, Indirects | \$104 | \$142,600 | \$49,900,370 | 31\% |
| Residential Units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments |  |  |  | 350 |  | Construction Financing | \$19 | \$26,600 | \$9,296,195 | 6\% |
| Average Unit Size |  |  |  | 1,043 | SF |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units/Acre |  |  |  | 117 |  | Total Development Cost | \$456 | \$625,300 | \$218,846,950 | 137\% |
| Rent Schedule |  |  |  |  |  | Operating Income |  |  |  |  |
|  | Units | \% | NSF | \$/Unit | \$/SF |  |  |  | Total \$ | \%Gross |
| Market |  |  |  |  |  | Residential |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 28 |  | 548 | \$3,165 | \$5.78 | Gross Rent/Year - Market | \$4,200 | /unit/mo | \$15,170,400 | 90\% |
| 1BR | 117 |  | 792 | \$3,660 | \$4.62 | Gross Rent/Year - BMR | \$1,701 | /unit/mo | \$1,000,092 | 6\% |
| 2BR | 111 |  | 1,228 | \$4,515 | \$3.67 | Misc. Income @ | \$900 | /mkt du | \$270,900 | 2\% |
| 3BR | 45 |  | 1,535 | \$5,485 | \$3.57 | Parking Income @ | \$1,200 | /space | \$339,600 | 2\% |
| Subtotal | 301 | 86\% | 1,041 | \$4,200 | \$4.03 | (Less) Vacancy @ | 5\% | gross | -\$839,050 | -5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res OpEx @ | \$5,500 | du | -\$1,925,000 | -11\% |
| Moderate |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res Property Taxes | \$5,600 | du | -\$1,960,000 | -12\% |
| OBR | 2 |  | 548 | \$2,018 | \$3.68 | (Less) Pkg. OpEx @ | 25\% | gross | -\$84,900 | -1\% |
| 1BR | 8 |  | 792 | \$2,295 | \$2.90 | NOI-Residential |  |  | \$11,972,042 | 71\% |
| 2BR | 8 |  | 1,228 | \$2,542 | \$2.07 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR | 3 |  | 1,535 | \$2,794 | \$1.82 | Retail |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 21 | 6\% | 1,041 | \$2,434 | \$2.34 | Gross Rent/Year | \$3.33 | /SF | \$799,200 | 100\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (less) Vacancy @ | 10\% |  | -\$79,920 | -10\% |
| Low |  |  |  |  |  | (less) OpEx @ | \$2.50 | /SF | -\$50,000 | -6\% |
| OBR | 1 |  | 548 | \$1,040 | \$1.90 | NOI - Retail |  |  | \$669,280 | 84\% |
| 1BR | 7 |  | 792 | \$1,178 | \$1.49 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2BR | 6 |  | 1,228 | \$1,285 | \$1.05 | Total NOI |  |  | \$12,641,322 | 72\% |
| 3BR | 3 |  | 1,535 | \$1,398 | \$0.91 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 17 | 5\% | 1,063 | \$1,246 | \$1.17 | Residual Land Value |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total \$ | \$/Unit |
| Very Low |  |  |  |  |  | Supported Investment |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 1 |  | 548 | \$845 | \$1.54 | Residential @ | 5.00\% | ROC | \$239,440,848 | \$684K |
| 1BR | 4 |  | 792 | \$955 | \$1.21 | Retail @ | 6.25\% |  | \$10,708,480 | \$31K |
| 2BR | 4 |  | 1,228 | \$1,034 | \$0.84 | Total Supported Investment |  |  | \$250,149,328 | \$715K |
| 3BR | 2 |  | 1,535 | \$1,118 | \$0.73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 11 | 3\% | 1,063 | \$1,003 | \$0.94 | (less) Total Development Cost |  |  | -\$218,846,950 | -\$625K |
| All BMR | 49 | 14\% | 1,054 | \$1,701 | \$1.61 | Residual Land Value (Round |  |  | \$31,300,000 | \$89K |
| All Units | 350 | 100\% | 1,043 | \$3,850 | \$3.69 | \$/Land SF |  |  | \$240 |  |

Table 3
Rental Pro Forma; Scenario 2a
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019

| Program: Scenario 2a |  |  |  |  |  | Development Costs |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$/GSF | \$/Unit | Total \$ | \%Directs |
| Site Area |  |  |  | 130,680 | SF | Direct Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Stories |  |  |  | 48 |  | Demo/ Sitework | \$8 | \$10,700 | \$5,454,440 | 2\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Residential Construction | \$360 | \$512,800 | \$261,543,495 | 91\% |
| Building Area |  |  |  |  |  | Non-Residential Construction | \$7 | \$10,600 | \$5,400,000 | 2\% |
| Apartments (Net) |  |  |  | 534,398 |  | Parking | \$20 | \$28,400 | \$14,482,440 | 5\% |
| Retail (Net) |  |  |  | 20,000 |  | Total, Directs | \$395 | \$562,500 | \$286,880,375 | 100\% |
| Common/Circ. |  |  |  | 171,570 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (excl Pkg) |  |  |  | 725,968 |  | Indirect Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Building Efficiency |  |  |  | 76\% |  | Fees \& Permits (Table 6) | \$51 | \$72,600 | \$37,046,521 | 13\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Retail Tenant Improvements | \$1 | \$2,000 | \$1,000,000 | 0\% |
| Parking Spaces |  |  |  | 354 |  | Other Soft Costs (incl. A\&E) | \$59 | \$84,400 | \$43,032,056 | 15\% |
| Parking Sq. Ft. |  |  |  | 120,687 | SF | Contingency | \$20 | \$28,100 | \$14,344,019 | 5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total, Indirects | \$131 | \$187,100 | \$95,422,596 | 33\% |
| Residential Units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments |  |  |  | 510 |  | Construction Financing | \$28 | \$40,300 | \$20,547,590 | 7\% |
| Average Unit Size |  |  |  | 1,048 | SF |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units/Acre |  |  |  | 170 |  | Total Development Cost | \$555 | \$789,900 | \$402,850,561 | 140\% |
| Rent Schedule |  |  |  |  |  | Operating Income |  |  |  |  |
|  | Units | \% | NSF | \$/Unit | \$/SF |  |  |  | Total \$ | \%Gross |
| Market |  |  |  |  |  | Residential |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 42 |  | 608 | \$3,980 | \$6.54 | Gross Rent/Year - Market | \$5,080 | /unit/mo | \$25,786,080 | 91\% |
| 1BR | 163 |  | 817 | \$4,535 | \$5.55 | Gross Rent/Year - BMR | \$1,690 | /unit/mo | \$1,763,952 | 6\% |
| 2BR | 154 |  | 1,222 | \$5,370 | \$4.39 | Misc. Income @ | \$900 | /mkt du | \$380,700 | 1\% |
| 3BR | 54 |  | 1,416 | \$5,860 | \$4.14 | Parking Income @ | \$1,200 | /space | \$424,800 | 1\% |
| 3BR PH | 10 |  | 2,052 | \$9,998 | \$4.87 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 423 | 83\% | 1,049 | \$5,080 | \$4.84 | (Less) Vacancy @ | 5\% | gross | -\$1,417,777 | -5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res OpEx @ | \$5,800 | /du | -\$2,958,000 | -10\% |
| Moderate |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res Property Taxes | \$7,100 | du | -\$3,621,000 | -13\% |
| OBR | 4 |  | 608 | \$2,018 | \$3.32 | (Less) Pkg. OpEx @ | 25\% | gross | -\$106,200 | 0\% |
| 1BR | 14 |  | 817 | \$2,295 | \$2.81 | NOI-Residential |  |  | \$20,252,555 | 71\% |
| 2BR | 13 |  | 1,222 | \$2,542 | \$2.08 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR | 5 |  | 1,416 | \$2,794 | \$1.97 | Retail |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR PH | 1 |  | 2,052 | \$2,794 | \$1.36 | Gross Rent/Year | \$3.33 / | /SF | \$799,200 | 100\% |
| Subtotal | 37 | 7\% | 1,051 | \$2,433 | \$2.31 | (less) Vacancy @ | 10\% |  | -\$79,920 | -10\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (less) OpEx @ | \$2.50 / | ISF | -\$50,000 | -6\% |
| Low |  |  |  |  |  | NOI - Retail |  |  | \$669,280 | 84\% |
| OBR | 3 |  | 608 | \$1,040 | \$1.71 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1BR | 12 |  | 817 | \$1,178 | \$1.44 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2BR | 11 |  | 1,222 | \$1,285 | \$1.05 | Total NOI |  |  | \$20,921,835 | 72\% |
| 3BR | 4 |  | 1,416 | \$1,398 | \$0.99 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 30 | 6\% | 1,024 | \$1,233 | \$1.20 | Residual Land Value |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total \$ | \$/Unit |
| Very Low |  |  |  |  |  | Supported Investment |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 2 |  | 608 | \$845 | \$1.39 | Residential @ | 5.00\% | Roc | \$405,051,108 | \$794K |
| 1BR | 7 |  | 817 | \$955 | \$1.17 | Retail @ | 6.25\% | Roc | \$10,708,480 | \$21K |
| 2BR | 8 |  | 1,222 | \$1,034 | \$0.85 | Total Supported Investment |  |  | \$415,759,588 | \$815K |
| 3BR | 3 |  | 1,416 | \$1,118 | \$0.79 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 20 | 4\% | 1,048 | \$1,000 | \$0.95 | (less) Total Development Cost |  |  | -\$402,850,561 | -\$790K |
| All BMR | 87 | 17\% | 1,041 | \$1,690 | \$1.62 | Residual Land Value (Round |  |  | \$12,900,000 | \$25K |
| All Units | 510 | 100\% | 1,048 | \$4,502 | \$4.30 | \$/Land SF |  |  | \$99 |  |

Table 4
Rental Pro Forma; Scenario 2b
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019

| Program: Scenario 2b |  |  |  |  |  | Development Costs |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$/GSF | \$/Unit | Total \$ | \%Directs |
| Site Area |  |  |  | 130,680 | SF | Direct Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Stories |  |  |  | 43 |  | Demo/ Sitework | \$8 | \$10,700 | \$5,454,440 | 2\% |
|  |  |  |  | Residential Construction | \$354 | \$454,900 | \$231,989,985 | 90\% |
| Building Area |  |  |  |  |  | Non-Residential Construction | \$8 | \$10,600 | \$5,400,000 | 2\% |
| Apartments (Net) |  |  |  |  |  | 477,571 |  | Parking | \$22 | \$28,400 | \$14,482,440 | 6\% |
| Retail (Net) |  |  |  | 20,000 |  | Total, Directs | \$393 | \$504,600 | \$257,326,865 | 100\% |
| Common/Circ. |  |  |  | 158,018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (excl Pkg) |  |  |  | 655,589 |  | Indirect Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Building Efficiency |  |  |  | 76\% |  | Fees \& Permits (Table 6) | \$52 | \$67,300 | \$34,320,747 | 13\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Retail Tenant Improvements | \$2 | \$2,000 | \$1,000,000 | 0\% |
| Parking Spaces |  |  |  | 354 |  | Other Soft Costs (incl. A\&E) | \$59 | \$75,700 | \$38,599,030 | 15\% |
| Parking Sq. Ft. |  |  |  | 120,687 | SF | Contingency | \$20 | \$25,200 | \$12,866,343 | 5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total, Indirects | \$132 | \$170,200 | \$86,786,120 | 34\% |
| Residential Units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments |  |  |  | 510 |  | Construction Financing | \$28 | \$36,300 | \$18,494,998 | 7\% |
| Average Unit Size |  |  |  | 936 | SF |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units/Acre |  |  |  | 170 |  | Total Development Cost | \$553 | \$711,000 | \$362,607,982 | 141\% |
| Rent Schedule |  |  |  |  |  | Operating Income |  |  |  |  |
|  | Units | \% | NSF | \$/Unit | \$/SF |  |  |  | Total \$ | \%Gross |
| Market |  |  |  |  |  | Residential |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 81 |  | 568 | \$3,690 | \$6.49 | Gross Rent/Year - Market | \$4,725 | /unit/mo | \$23,984,100 | 91\% |
| 1BR | 198 |  | 827 | \$4,490 | \$5.43 | Gross Rent/Year - BMR | \$1,634 | /unit/mo | \$1,705,896 | 6\% |
| 2BR | 114 |  | 1,209 | \$5,265 | \$4.35 | Misc. Income @ | \$900 | $/ m k t d u$ | \$380,700 | 1\% |
| 3BR | 20 |  | 1,418 | \$5,690 | \$4.01 | Parking Income @ | \$1,200 | /space | \$424,800 | 2\% |
| 3BR PH | 10 |  | 2,052 | \$9,709 | \$4.73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 423 | 83\% | 937 | \$4,725 | \$5.04 | (Less) Vacancy @ |  | gross | -\$1,324,775 | -5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res OpEx @ | \$5,800 |  | -\$2,958,000 | -11\% |
| Moderate |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res Property Taxes | \$6,400 | /du | -\$3,264,000 | -12\% |
| OBR | 7 |  | 568 | \$2,018 | \$3.55 | (Less) Pkg. OpEx @ | 25\% | gross | -\$106,200 | 0\% |
| 1BR | 17 |  | 827 | \$2,295 | \$2.78 | NOI-Residential |  |  | \$18,842,521 | 71\% |
| 2BR | 10 |  | 1,209 | \$2,542 | \$2.10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR | 2 |  | 1,418 | \$2,794 | \$1.97 | Retail |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR PH | 1 |  | 2,052 | \$2,794 | \$1.36 | Gross Rent/Year | \$3.33 |  | \$799,200 | 100\% |
| Subtotal | 37 | 7\% | 946 | \$2,350 | \$2.48 | (less) Vacancy @ | 10\% |  | -\$79,920 | -10\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (less) OpEx @ | \$2.50 |  | -\$50,000 | -6\% |
| Low |  |  |  |  |  | NOI - Retail |  |  | \$669,280 | 84\% |
| OBR | 6 |  | 568 | \$1,040 | \$1.83 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1BR | 14 |  | 827 | \$1,178 | \$1.42 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2BR | 8 |  | 1,209 | \$1,285 | \$1.06 | Total NOI |  |  | \$19,511,801 | 71\% |
| 3BR | 2 |  | 1,418 | \$1,398 | \$0.99 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 30 | 6\% | 916 | \$1,194 | \$1.30 | Residual Land Value |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total \$ | \$/Unit |
| Very Low |  |  |  |  |  | Supported Investment |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 3 |  | 568 | \$845 | \$1.49 | Residential @ | 5.00\% | ROC | \$376,850,424 | \$739K |
| 1BR | 10 |  | 827 | \$955 | \$1.15 | Retail @ | 6.25\% | ROC | \$10,708,480 | \$21K |
| 2BR | 6 |  | 1,209 | \$1,034 | \$0.86 | Total Supported Investment |  |  | \$387,558,904 | \$760K |
| 3BR | 1 |  | 1,418 | \$1,118 | \$0.79 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 20 | 4\% | 932 | \$970 | \$1.04 | (less) Total Development Cost |  |  | -\$362,607,982 | -\$711K |
| All BMR | 87 | 17\% | 933 | \$1,634 | \$1.75 | Residual Land Value (Rounded) |  |  | \$25,000,000 | \$49K |
| All Units | 510 | 100\% | 936 | \$4,198 | \$4.48 | \$/Land SF |  |  | \$191 |  |

Table 5
Rental Pro Forma; Scenario 3a
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019

| Program: Scenario 3a |  |  |  |  |  | Development Costs |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$/GSF | \$/Unit | Total \$ | \%Directs |
| Site Area |  |  |  | 130,680 | SF | Direct Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Stories |  |  |  | 48 |  | Demo/ Sitework | \$8 | \$10,700 | \$5,454,440 | 2\% |
|  |  |  |  | Residential Construction | \$360 | \$512,800 | \$261,543,495 | 91\% |
| Building Area |  |  |  |  |  | Non-Residential Construction | \$7 | \$10,600 | \$5,400,000 | 2\% |
| Apartments (Net) |  |  |  |  |  | 534,398 |  | Parking | \$20 | \$28,400 | \$14,482,440 | 5\% |
| Retail (Net) |  |  |  | 20,000 |  | Total, Directs | \$395 | \$562,500 | \$286,880,375 | 100\% |
| Common/Circ. |  |  |  | 171,570 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (excl Pkg) |  |  |  | 725,968 |  | Indirect Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Building Efficiency |  |  |  | 76\% |  | Fees \& Permits (Table 6) | \$51 | \$72,600 | \$37,046,521 | 13\% |
|  |  |  |  | Retail Tenant Improvements | \$1 | \$2,000 | \$1,000,000 | 0\% |
| Parking Spaces |  |  |  |  |  | 354 |  | Other Soft Costs (incl. A\&E) | \$59 | \$84,400 | \$43,032,056 | 15\% |
| Parking Sq. Ft. |  |  |  | 120,687 | SF | Contingency | \$20 | \$28,100 | \$14,344,019 | 5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total, Indirects | \$131 | \$187,100 | \$95,422,596 | 33\% |
| Residential Units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments |  |  |  | 510 |  | Construction Financing | \$28 | \$40,300 | \$20,547,590 | 7\% |
| Average Unit Size |  |  |  | 1,048 | SF |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units/Acre |  |  |  | 170 |  | Total Development Cost | \$555 | \$789,900 | \$402,850,561 | 140\% |
| Rent Schedule |  |  |  |  |  | Operating Income |  |  |  |  |
|  | Units | \% | NSF | \$/Unit | \$/SF |  |  |  | Total \$ | \%Gross |
| Market |  |  |  |  |  | Residential |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 42 |  | 608 | \$3,985 | \$6.56 | Gross Rent/Year - Market | \$5,130 | /unit/mo | \$26,039,880 | 91\% |
| 1BR | 163 |  | 817 | \$4,580 | \$5.61 | Gross Rent/Year - BMR | \$1,690 | /unit/mo | \$1,763,952 | 6\% |
| 2BR | 154 |  | 1,222 | \$5,420 | \$4.44 | Misc. Income @ | \$900 | /mkt du | \$380,700 | 1\% |
| 3BR | 53 |  | 1,416 | \$5,895 | \$4.16 | Parking Income @ | \$1,200 | /space | \$424,800 | 1\% |
| 3BR PH | 11 |  | 2,052 | \$9,998 | \$4.87 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 423 | 83\% | 1,051 | \$5,130 | \$4.88 | (Less) Vacancy @ | 5\% | gross | -\$1,430,467 | -5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res OpEx @ | \$5,800 | /du | -\$2,958,000 | -10\% |
| Moderate |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res Property Taxes | \$7,100 | du | -\$3,621,000 | -13\% |
| OBR | 4 |  | 608 | \$2,018 | \$3.32 | (Less) Pkg. OpEx @ | 25\% | gross | -\$106,200 | 0\% |
| 1BR | 14 |  | 817 | \$2,295 | \$2.81 | NOI - Residential |  |  | \$20,493,665 | 72\% |
| 2BR | 13 |  | 1,222 | \$2,542 | \$2.08 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR | 6 |  | 1,416 | \$2,794 | \$1.97 | Retail |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR PH | 0 |  | 2,052 | \$2,794 | \$1.36 | Gross Rent/Year | \$3.33 | /SF | \$799,200 | 100\% |
| Subtotal | 37 | 7\% | 1,034 | \$2,433 | \$2.35 | (less) Vacancy @ | 10\% |  | -\$79,920 | -10\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (less) OpEx @ | \$2.50 |  | -\$50,000 | -6\% |
| Low |  |  |  |  |  | NOI - Retail |  |  | \$669,280 | 84\% |
| OBR | 3 |  | 608 | \$1,040 | \$1.71 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1BR | 12 |  | 817 | \$1,178 | \$1.44 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2BR | 11 |  | 1,222 | \$1,285 | \$1.05 | Total NOI |  |  | \$21,162,945 | 72\% |
| 3BR | 4 |  | 1,416 | \$1,398 | \$0.99 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 30 | 6\% | 1,024 | \$1,233 | \$1.20 | Residual Land Value |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total \$ | \$/Unit |
| Very Low |  |  |  |  |  | Supported Investment |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 2 |  | 608 | \$845 | \$1.39 | Residential @ | 5.00\% | ROC | \$409,873,308 | \$804K |
| 1BR | 7 |  | 817 | \$955 | \$1.17 | Retail @ | 6.25\% |  | \$10,708,480 | \$21K |
| 2BR | 8 |  | 1,222 | \$1,034 | \$0.85 | Total Supported Investment |  |  | \$420,581,788 | \$825K |
| 3BR | 3 |  | 1,416 | \$1,118 | \$0.79 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 20 | 4\% | 1,048 | \$1,000 | \$0.95 | (less) Total Development Cost |  |  | -\$402,850,561 | -\$790K |
| All BMR | 87 | 17\% | 1,034 | \$1,690 | \$1.63 | Residual Land Value (Round |  |  | \$17,700,000 | \$35K |
| All Units | 510 | 100\% | 1,048 | \$4,543 | \$4.34 | \$/Land SF |  |  | \$136 |  |

Table 6
Rental Pro Forma; Scenario 3b
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019

| Program: Scenario 3b |  |  |  |  |  | Development Costs |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$/GSF | \$/Unit | Total \$ | \%Directs |
| Site Area |  |  |  | 130,680 | SF | Direct Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Stories |  |  |  | 43 |  | Demo/ Sitework | \$8 | \$10,700 | \$5,454,440 | 2\% |
|  |  |  |  | Residential Construction | \$354 | \$454,900 | \$231,989,985 | 90\% |
| Building Area |  |  |  |  |  | Non-Residential Construction | \$8 | \$10,600 | \$5,400,000 | 2\% |
| Apartments (Net) |  |  |  |  |  | 477,571 |  | Parking | \$22 | \$28,400 | \$14,482,440 | 6\% |
| Retail (Net) |  |  |  | 20,000 |  | Total, Directs | \$393 | \$504,600 | \$257,326,865 | 100\% |
| Common/Circ. |  |  |  | 158,018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (excl Pkg) |  |  |  | 655,589 |  | Indirect Costs |  |  |  |  |
| Building Efficiency |  |  |  | 76\% |  | Fees \& Permits (Table 6) | \$52 | \$67,300 | \$34,320,747 | 13\% |
|  |  |  |  | Retail Tenant Improvements | \$2 | \$2,000 | \$1,000,000 | 0\% |
| Parking Spaces |  |  |  |  |  | 354 |  | Other Soft Costs (incl. A\&E) | \$59 | \$75,700 | \$38,599,030 | 15\% |
| Parking Sq. Ft. |  |  |  | 120,687 | SF | Contingency | \$20 | \$25,200 | \$12,866,343 | 5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Total, Indirects | \$132 | \$170,200 | \$86,786,120 | 34\% |
| Residential Units |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments |  |  |  | 510 |  | Construction Financing | \$28 | \$36,300 | \$18,494,998 | 7\% |
| Average Unit Size |  |  |  | 936 | SF |  |  |  |  |  |
| Units/Acre |  |  |  | 170 |  | Total Development Cost | \$553 | \$711,000 | \$362,607,982 | 141\% |
| Rent Schedule |  |  |  |  |  | Operating Income |  |  |  |  |
|  | Units | \% | NSF | \$/Unit | \$/SF |  |  |  | Total \$ | \%Gross |
| Market |  |  |  |  |  | Residential |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 81 |  | 568 | \$3,695 | \$6.50 | Gross Rent/Year - Market | \$4,765 | /unit/mo | \$24,187,140 | 91\% |
| 1BR | 198 |  | 827 | \$4,530 | \$5.48 | Gross Rent/Year - BMR | \$1,634 | /unit/mo | \$1,705,896 | 6\% |
| 2BR | 114 |  | 1,209 | \$5,310 | \$4.40 | Misc. Income @ | \$900 | /mkt du | \$380,700 | 1\% |
| 3BR | 19 |  | 1,418 | \$5,685 | \$4.01 | Parking Income @ | \$1,200 | /space | \$424,800 | 2\% |
| 3BR PH | 11 |  | 2,052 | \$9,709 | \$4.73 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 423 | 83\% | 939 | \$4,765 | \$5.08 | (Less) Vacancy @ | 5\% | gross | -\$1,334,927 | -5\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res OpEx @ | \$5,800 | /du | -\$2,958,000 | -11\% |
| Moderate |  |  |  |  |  | (Less) Res Property Taxes | \$6,400 | du | -\$3,264,000 | -12\% |
| OBR | 7 |  | 568 | \$2,018 | \$3.55 | (Less) Pkg. OpEx @ | 25\% | gross | -\$106,200 | 0\% |
| 1BR | 17 |  | 827 | \$2,295 | \$2.78 | NOI-Residential |  |  | \$19,035,409 | 71\% |
| 2BR | 10 |  | 1,209 | \$2,542 | \$2.10 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR | 3 |  | 1,418 | \$2,794 | \$1.97 | Retail |  |  |  |  |
| 3BR PH | 0 |  | 2,052 | \$2,794 | \$1.36 | Gross Rent/Year | \$3.33 / | /SF | \$799,200 | 100\% |
| Subtotal | 37 | 7\% | 929 | \$2,350 | \$2.53 | (less) Vacancy @ | 10\% |  | -\$79,920 | -10\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | (less) OpEx @ | \$2.50 | /SF | -\$50,000 | -6\% |
| Low |  |  |  |  |  | NOI - Retail |  |  | \$669,280 | 84\% |
| OBR | 6 |  | 568 | \$1,040 | \$1.83 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1BR | 14 |  | 827 | \$1,178 | \$1.42 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2BR | 8 |  | 1,209 | \$1,285 | \$1.06 | Total NOI |  |  | \$19,704,689 | 72\% |
| 3BR | 2 |  | 1,418 | \$1,398 | \$0.99 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 30 | 6\% | 916 | \$1,194 | \$1.30 | Residual Land Value |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total \$ | \$/Unit |
| Very Low |  |  |  |  |  | Supported Investment |  |  |  |  |
| OBR | 3 |  | 568 | \$845 | \$1.49 | Residential @ | 5.00\% | ROC | \$380,708,184 | \$746K |
| 1BR | 10 |  | 827 | \$955 | \$1.15 | Retail @ | 6.25\% | ROC | \$10,708,480 | \$21K |
| 2BR | 6 |  | 1,209 | \$1,034 | \$0.86 | Total Supported Investment |  |  | \$391,416,664 | \$767K |
| 3BR | 1 |  | 1,418 | \$1,118 | \$0.79 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtotal | 20 | 4\% | 932 | \$970 | \$1.04 | (less) Total Development Cost |  |  | -\$362,607,982 | -\$711K |
| All BMR | 87 | 17\% | 925 | \$1,634 | \$1.77 | Residual Land Value (Rounded) |  |  | \$28,800,000 | \$56K |
| All Units | 510 | 100\% | 936 | \$4,231 | \$4.52 | \$/Land SF |  |  | \$220 |  |

Table 7
Development Fees, Permits, and Community Benefits
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019

| Building Valuation (Direct Costs) | \$159,650,385 | \$286,880,375 | \$257,326,865 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Housing Units | 350 | 510 | 510 |
| Estimated by Building Division |  |  |  |
| Building Permit Fee | \$1,277,203 | \$2,295,043 | \$2,058,615 |
| Plan Review Fee | \$830,182 | \$1,491,778 | \$1,338,100 |
| Energy Review Fee | \$159,650 | \$286,880 | \$257,327 |
| Electrical Permit Fee | \$255,441 | \$459,009 | \$411,723 |
| Plumbing Permit Fee | \$229,897 | \$413,108 | \$370,551 |
| Mechanical Permit Fee | \$217,125 | \$390,157 | \$349,965 |
| S.M.I.P. | \$44,702 | \$80,327 | \$72,052 |
| Microfiche | \$12,772 | \$22,950 | \$20,586 |
| Fire Department Fees | \$510,881 | \$918,017 | \$823,446 |
| Sewer Connection Fees | \$481,250 | \$701,250 | \$701,250 |
| Transportation Facility Fees | \$705,400 | \$980,600 | \$980,600 |
| School Fees | \$1,700,004 | \$2,687,819 | \$2,421,082 |
| Art In Public Places | \$829,640 | \$1,465,166 | \$1,317,213 |
| Technology Fee | \$159,650 | \$286,880 | \$257,327 |
| Building Standards Commision Fee | \$6,387 | \$11,476 | \$10,294 |
| General Plan Maintenance Fee | \$798,252 | \$1,434,402 | \$1,286,634 |
| Parks and Recreation Fee | \$1,438,800 | \$2,076,240 | \$2,076,240 |
| Subtotal | \$9,657,236 | \$16,001,102 | \$14,753,003 |
| Additional Fees/ Comm Benefits |  |  |  |
| Comm. Benefits: Tower 5.00\% | \$0 | \$14,344,019 | \$12,866,343 |
| Comm. Benefits: Midrise 1.70\% | \$2,714,057 | \$0 | \$0 |
| EBMUD: Water $\quad \$ 10,530$ du | \$3,685,500 | \$5,370,300 | \$5,370,300 |
| EBMUD: Sewer \$2,610 du | \$913,500 | \$1,331,100 | \$1,331,100 |
|  | \$7,313,057 | \$21,045,419 | \$19,567,743 |
| Total Fees, Permits \& Community Benefits | \$16,970,293 | \$37,046,521 | \$34,320,747 |

Table 8
Key Pro Forma Assumptions
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019

| Development Costs |  | Income/Revenues |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Direct Construction Costs* |  | Base Market Rents | Table 12 |
| Apartments: Type III | \$295 /GSF | Studio | \$5.78 /NSF |
| Apartments: Type I | \$365 /GSF | 1BR | \$4.62 /NSF |
| Retail (Core \& Shell) | \$270 /GSF | 2BR | \$3.67 /NSF |
| Parking, Above Grade | \$120 /GSF | 3BR (1,400 sf) | \$3.57 /NSF |
| Demolition | \$20 /GSF | Large 3BR | \$3.57 /NSF |
| Site Work | \$35 /SF site | Tower Premium | 0.75\% /fl above 7 |
| Open Space | included above | BMR Rents | Table 10 |
| Indirect Construction Costs |  |  |  |
| Construction Contingency | 5\% of directs | Nonresidential Rents | Table 11 |
| Retail Tenant Improvements Impact Fees | $\$ 50$ /NSF <br> Table 6 | Retail (NNN) | \$3.33 /SF/mo |
| Other Soft Costs (incl A\&E) | 15\% of directs | Parking \& Misc. Income <br> Parking Income | \$100 /space/mo |
| Financing <br> Loan-to-Cost <br> Interest Rate <br> Points and Fees <br> Loan Term- Type III <br> Loan Term - Type I <br> Avg Outstanding Balance | 65\% LTC <br> 5.0\% /year 1\% loan 24 months 30 months $55 \%$ loan | Miscellaneous Income | \$75 /mkt du/mo |
| Investment Thresholds |  | Operating Expenses |  |
| Stabilized Return on Cost (ROC) |  | Residential Vacancy | 5\% |
| Apartments | 5.00\% ROC | Non-Residential Vacancy | 10\% |
| Retail | 6.25\% ROC |  |  |
|  |  | Apartment OpEx: Mid-Rise | \$5,500 per unit |
|  |  | Apartment OpEx: Tower | \$5,800 per unit |
|  |  | Parking OpEx | 25\% of gross |
|  |  | Retail OpEx | \$2.50 /net SF/yr. |
| *Construction Types: |  | Residential Property Tax |  |
| Type I = Concrete or steel |  | Property Tax Rate | 1.11\% tax |
| Type III = Wood frame over podium |  |  |  |

Table 9
Recent Emeryville and Nearby Residential Land Transactions Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019
Source: Costar, RealQuest

|  | Acres |  | Est. <br> Units $^{1}$ | Est. <br> Lensity $^{1}$ | Price <br> $(\$ M)^{2}$ | Sale <br> Year | $\$ /$ SF <br> Land | $\$ /$ Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Oakland

| 24th \& Harrison (tower) | 2.3 | 99,893 | 400 | 174 | $\$ 43.5$ | 2018 | $\$ 435$ | $\$ 109,000$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 451 28th St | 0.3 | 11,761 | 40 | 148 | $\$ 4.0$ | 2018 | $\$ 340$ | $\$ 100,000$ |
| 1518-1530 MLK Jr Way | 0.5 | 23,050 | 140 | 265 | $\$ 7.0$ | 2018 | $\$ 302$ | $\$ 50,000$ |
| 2400 Valdez | 1.1 | 47,045 | 225 | 208 | $\$ 11.8$ | 2016 | $\$ 251$ | $\$ 52,000$ |
| 915 Fallon St | 0.2 | 10,454 | 58 | 242 | $\$ 2.5$ | 2017 | $\$ 239$ | $\$ 43,000$ |
| 2820 \& 2855 Broadway | 1.1 | 48,443 | 218 | 196 | $\$ 11.5$ | 2016 | $\$ 237$ | $\$ 53,000$ |
| 58 Vernon St | 0.2 | 7,405 | 9 | 53 | $\$ 1.7$ | 2017 | $\$ 227$ | $\$ 186,000$ |
| 5100-5132 Telegraph Ave | 1.7 | 73,181 | 204 | 121 | $\$ 15.5$ | 2017 | $\$ 211$ | $\$ 76,000$ |
| 2970 Summit St | 0.1 | 4,792 | 8 | 73 | $\$ 0.9$ | 2017 | $\$ 198$ | $\$ 119,000$ |
| MacArthur BART Parcel A\&C | 2.1 | 93,000 | 385 | 180 | $\$ 17.2$ | 2016 | $\$ 185$ | $\$ 45,000$ |
| 391 40th St | 0.3 | 14,375 | 38 | 115 | $\$ 2.5$ | 2018 | $\$ 176$ | $\$ 67,000$ |
| 1429 Alice St | 0.4 | 19,166 | 79 | 180 | $\$ 3.2$ | 2017 | $\$ 167$ | $\$ 41,000$ |
| 2805 Park Blvd (east of lake) | 0.3 | 12,197 | 20 | 71 | $\$ 1.5$ | 2017 | $\$ 119$ | $\$ 73,000$ |
| 1100 Clay St (purch. from City) | 0.7 | 30,056 | 288 | 417 | $\$ 3.4$ | 2018 | $\$ 111$ | $\$ 12,000$ |
| 550 27th St | 0.3 | 14,375 | 40 | 121 | $\$ 1.5$ | 2016 | $\$ 104$ | $\$ 38,000$ |
| Weighted Average |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 250$ | $\$ 59,000$ |
| Less Than 300 du/acre |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 213$ | $\$ 55,000$ |  |



[^1]Table 10
BMR Residential Rent Assumptions
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019
Source: City of Emeryville

| Unit Size | OBR | 1BR | 2BR | 3BR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Occupancy | 1 person | 2 person | 3 person | 4 person |
| Area Median Income | \$73,100 | \$83,500 | \$93,950 | \$104,400 |
| Moderate: 110\% AMI |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Affordable Rent | \$2,151 | \$2,457 | \$2,765 | \$3,072 |
| (less) Utility Allowance* | -\$133 | -\$162 | -\$223 | -\$278 |
| Net Affordable Rent | \$2,018 | \$2,295 | \$2,542 | \$2,794 |
| Low: 60\% AMI |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Affordable Rent | \$1,173 | \$1,340 | \$1,508 | \$1,676 |
| (less) Utility Allowance* | -\$133 | -\$162 | -\$223 | -\$278 |
| Net Affordable Rent | \$1,040 | \$1,178 | \$1,285 | \$1,398 |
| Very Low: 50\% AMI |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Affordable Rent | \$978 | \$1,117 | \$1,257 | \$1,396 |
| (less) Utility Allowance* | -\$133 | -\$162 | -\$223 | -\$278 |
| Net Affordable Rent | \$845 | \$955 | \$1,034 | \$1,118 |
| * Utility Allowance |  |  |  |  |
| Heating - Electric | \$21 | \$21 | \$28 | \$39 |
| Cooking - Electric | \$3 | \$5 | \$6 | \$7 |
| Hot Water - Electric | \$25 | \$28 | \$54 | \$72 |
| Water | \$33 | \$47 | \$60 | \$73 |
| Sewer | \$24 | \$24 | \$24 | \$24 |
| Electric - Other | \$27 | \$37 | \$51 | \$63 |
|  | \$133 | \$162 | \$223 | \$278 |

Table 11
Retail Rent Assumptions
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
Source: Costar, LoopNet
Retail Project Sq. Ft. \$/ SF Comments

## PRO FORMA ASSUMPTION

All Scenarios
\$3.33 NNN

## EMERYVILLE COMPS

## 6363 Christie Ave

GF Retail 4,903

## BERKELEY COMPS

The Aquatic
GF Retail 1
GF Retail 3
4,134
9,268

## OAKLAND COMPS

## Idora

GF Retail
870
Fourth Street East
GF Retail 2,166
\$3.00 NNN
Built 2017
Shafter submarket
Built 2017
\$2.75 NNN

Built 1984
Emeryville submarket

Built 2018
SW Berkeley submarket
\$3.33 NNN \$3.33 NNN

Table 12
Market Rate Residential Rent Assumptions
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019
Source: Costar, apartment websites

| Rental Project | Unit | Average <br> Sq. Ft. | Rent <br> /Month | \$/ SF |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PRO FORMA ASSUMPTION |  |  |  |  |
| Base Rent Before | Studio | 548 | $\$ 3,165$ | $\$ 5.78$ |
| Tower/ View Premiums | 1BR | 792 | $\$ 3,660$ | $\$ 4.62$ |
|  | 2BR | 1,228 | $\$ 4,515$ | $\$ 3.67$ |
|  | 3BR | 1,534 | $\$ 5,485$ | $\$ 3.57$ |
|  | All | 1,041 | $\$ 4,200$ | $\$ 4.03$ |



Table 12
Market Rate Residential Rent Assumptions
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019
Source: Costar, apartment websites

|  | Unit | Average <br> Sq. Ft. | Rent <br> $/$ Ronth | $\$ /$ SF |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## EMERYVILLE COMPS

## Emme Apartments

6350 Christie Ave
Emeryville Submarket
Year Built: 2015
Floors: 8
Units: 190

| Studio | 473 | $\$ 2,479$ | $\$ 5.24$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 BR | 720 | $\$ 2,938$ | $\$ 4.08$ |
| 2BR | 1,058 | $\$ 3,561$ | $\$ 3.37$ |
| 3BR | 1,228 | $\$ 4,303$ | $\$ 3.50$ |
| All | 802 | $\$ 3,141$ | $\$ 3.92$ |

Parc on Powell Apartments
1333 Powell St

| Studio | 946 | $\$ 2,798$ | $\$ 2.96$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1BR | 879 | $\$ 3,207$ | $\$ 3.65$ |
| 2BR | 1,149 | $\$ 3,647$ | $\$ 3.17$ |
| 3BR | 1,286 | $\$ 4,498$ | $\$ 3.50$ |
| All | 987 | $\$ 3,374$ | $\$ 3.42$ |

## 3900 Adeline St

Longfellow Submarket
Year Built: 2016
Floors: 3
Units: 101

| Studio | 567 | $\$ 2,369$ | $\$ 4.18$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 BR | 820 | $\$ 2,639$ | $\$ 3.22$ |
| 2BR | 1,355 | $\$ 3,103$ | $\$ 2.29$ |
| 3BR | 1,295 | $\$ 3,761$ | $\$ 2.90$ |
| All | 922 | $\$ 2,777$ | $\$ 3.01$ |

Table 12
Market Rate Residential Rent Assumptions
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019
Source: Costar, apartment websites

|  | Unit | Average <br> Sq. Ft. | Rent <br> $/$ Ronth | $\$ /$ SF |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## BERKELEY COMPS

## Higby

3015 San Pablo Ave
SW Berkeley Submarket
Year Built: 2015
Floors: 5
Units: 98

The Aquatic III
2010 5th St
SW Berkeley Submarket
Year Built: 2018

| 1 BR | 835 | $\$ 2,973$ | $\$ 3.56$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 BR | 963 | $\$ 3,625$ | $\$ 3.76$ |
| All | 873 | $\$ 3,167$ | $\$ 3.63$ |

Floors: 5
Units: 152

## Parker Apartments

2038 Parker St
S. Berkeley Submarket

Year Built: 2016
Floors: 5
Units: 155

| Studio | 580 | $\$ 2,825$ | $\$ 4.87$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 BR | 698 | $\$ 3,193$ | $\$ 4.57$ |
| 2BR | 1,111 | $\$ 4,770$ | $\$ 4.29$ |
| 3BR | 1,703 | $\$ 6,902$ | $\$ 4.05$ |
| All | 709 | $\$ 3,267$ | $\$ 4.61$ |

## OAKLAND COMPS

## 4801 Shattuck Ave

Temescal Submarket
Year Built: 2017
Floors: 5
Units: 43

| Studio | 438 | $\$ 2,782$ | $\$ 6.35$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 BR | 652 | $\$ 3,345$ | $\$ 5.13$ |
| 2 BR | 933 | $\$ 3,926$ | $\$ 4.21$ |
| All | 628 | $\$ 3,256$ | $\$ 5.18$ |

Idora

| 5239 Claremont Ave | 1BR | 691 | $\$ 3,071$ | $\$ 4.44$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shafter Submarket | 2BR | 990 | $\$ 3,907$ | $\$ 3.95$ |
| Year Built: 2017 | All | 863 | $\$ 3,552$ | $\$ 4.12$ |

Year Built: 2017
All
863
\$3,552
\$4.12

Floors: 5
Units: 33

Table 12
Market Rate Residential Rent Assumptions
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
8/12/2019
Source: Costar, apartment websites

|  | Unit | Average <br> Sq. Ft. | Rent <br> /Month | \$/ SF |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

OAKLAND, CONT. 4/4
MacArthur Commons
539 39th St

| Studio | 543 | $\$ 2,762$ | $\$ 5.09$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 BR | 677 | $\$ 3,043$ | $\$ 4.49$ |
| $2 B R$ | 923 | $\$ 3,231$ | $\$ 3.50$ |
| All | 707 | $\$ 3,039$ | $\$ 4.30$ |

Units: 385

47Hundred
4700 Telegraph Ave

| Studio | 476 | $\$ 2,710$ | $\$ 5.69$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 BR | 815 | $\$ 3,404$ | $\$ 4.18$ |
| 2 BR | 1,216 | $\$ 4,416$ | $\$ 3.63$ |
| All | 743 | $\$ 3,271$ | $\$ 4.40$ |

Floors: 5
All 743
\$3,271
\$4.40
Units: 48
Maya
4045 Broadway
Piedmont Submarket
Year Built: 2019
Floors: 5

| Studio | 536 | $\$ 3,028$ | $\$ 5.65$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 BR | 562 | $\$ 2,783$ | $\$ 4.95$ |
| 2BR | 700 | $\$ 3,299$ | $\$ 4.71$ |
| All | 544 | $\$ 3,035$ | $\$ 5.58$ |

Units: 47
The Broadway
3093 Broadway
Pill Hill Submarket
Year Built: 2019
Floors: 6
Units: 423

| Studio | 577 | $\$ 2,551$ | $\$ 4.42$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1BR | 752 | $\$ 2,982$ | $\$ 3.97$ |
| 2BR | 1,242 | $\$ 3,962$ | $\$ 3.19$ |
| 3BR | 1,433 | $\$ 4,725$ | $\$ 3.30$ |
| All | 848 | $\$ 3,174$ | $\$ 3.74$ |

Fourth Street East
150 4th St

| Studio | 639 | $\$ 3,022$ | $\$ 4.73$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1BR | 792 | $\$ 3,641$ | $\$ 4.60$ |
| 2BR | 1,292 | $\$ 4,757$ | $\$ 3.68$ |
| 3BR | 1,421 | $\$ 5,145$ | $\$ 3.62$ |
| All | 976 | $\$ 4,022$ | $\$ 4.12$ |

Table 13
Adjusted Rents Based on View Premiums; Scenarios 2a/b
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA


Scenario 2B

| Market Rate Unit Distribution | Avg. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Premium ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Below Floor 8 | 1.00 | 15 | 21 | 10 | 4 | 0 |
| Floors 8-29 | 1.09 | 66 | 111 | 58 | 16 | 0 |
| Floors 30-40 | 1.21 | 0 | 64 | 46 | 0 | 0 |
| PH | 1.26 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
|  |  | 81 | 198 | 114 | 20 | 10 |
| Average View Premium |  | 1.07 | 1.12 | 1.13 | 1.07 | 1.26 |
| Base Rent |  | \$5.78 | \$4.62 | \$3.67 | \$3.57 | \$3.57 |
| Tower Adjustment | 1.05 | \$6.06 | \$4.85 | \$3.86 | \$3.75 | \$3.75 |
| View Premium Adjustment |  | \$6.49 | \$5.43 | \$4.35 | \$4.01 | \$4.73 |

Table 14
Adjusted Rents Based on View Premiums; Scenarios 3a/b
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA

| Scenario 3A |  | Studio | 1BR | 2BR | 3BR | 3BR-PH |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Avg. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market Rate Unit Distribution | Premium ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Below Floor 8 | 1.00 | 7 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 0 |
| Floors 8-32 | 1.10 | 35 | 76 | 76 | 35 | 0 |
| Floors 33-45 | 1.24 | 0 | 71 | 65 | 10 | 0 |
| PH | 1.30 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
|  |  | 42 | 163 | 154 | 53 | 11 |
| Average View Premium |  | 1.08 | 1.16 | 1.15 | 1.11 | 1.30 |
| Base Rent (7 Stories) |  | \$5.78 | \$4.62 | \$3.67 | \$3.57 | \$3.57 |
| Tower Adjustment | 1.05 | \$6.06 | \$4.85 | \$3.86 | \$3.75 | \$3.75 |
| View Premium Adjustment |  | \$6.56 | \$5.61 | \$4.44 | \$4.16 | \$4.87 |

## Scenario 3B

| Market Rate Unit Distribution | Avg. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Premium ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Below Floor 8 | 1.00 | 14 | 19 | 9 | 4 | 0 |
| Floors 8-29 | 1.09 | 67 | 100 | 50 | 15 | 0 |
| Floors 30-40 | 1.21 | 0 | 77 | 55 | 0 | 0 |
| PH | 1.26 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
|  |  | 81 | 198 | 114 | 19 | 11 |
| Average View Premium |  | 1.07 | 1.13 | 1.14 | 1.07 | 1.26 |
| Base Rent (7 stories) |  | \$5.78 | \$4.62 | \$3.67 | \$3.57 | \$3.57 |
| Tower Adjustment | 1.05 | \$6.06 | \$4.85 | \$3.86 | \$3.75 | \$3.75 |
| View Premium Adjustment |  | \$6.50 | \$5.48 | \$4.40 | \$4.01 | \$4.73 |

[^2]Table 15
Calculation of View Premium By Floor
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA

| Floor | $\begin{aligned} & 0.75 \% / \mathrm{fl} \\ & \text { Premium }{ }^{1} \end{aligned}$ | Scenario 2a Units | Scenario 2b Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | 1.01 | 12 | 14 |
| 9 | 1.02 | 12 | 14 |
| 10 | 1.02 | 12 | 14 |
| 11 | 1.03 | 12 | 14 |
| 12 | 1.04 | 12 | 14 |
| 13 | 1.05 | 12 | 14 |
| 14 | 1.05 | 12 | 14 |
| 15 | 1.06 | 12 | 14 |
| 16 | 1.07 | 12 | 14 |
| 17 | 1.08 | 12 | 14 |
| 18 | 1.08 | 12 | 14 |
| 19 | 1.09 | 12 | 14 |
| 20 | 1.10 | 12 | 14 |
| 21 | 1.11 | 12 | 14 |
| 22 | 1.11 | 12 | 14 |
| 23 | 1.12 | 12 | 14 |
| 24 | 1.13 | 12 | 14 |
| 25 | 1.14 | 12 | 14 |
| 26 | 1.14 | 12 | 14 |
| 27 | 1.15 | 12 | 14 |
| 28 | 1.16 | 12 | 12 |
| 29 | 1.17 | 11 | 12 |
| 30 | 1.17 | 11 | 12 |
| 31 | 1.18 | 11 | 12 |
| 32 | 1.19 | 11 | 12 |
| 33 | 1.20 | 11 | 12 |
| 34 | 1.20 | 11 | 12 |
| 35 | 1.21 | 11 | 12 |
| 36 | 1.22 | 11 | 12 |
| 37 | 1.23 | 11 | 12 |
| 38 | 1.23 | 11 | 12 |
| 39 | 1.24 | 11 | 12 |
| 40 | 1.25 | 11 | 12 |
| 41 | 1.26 | 11 | 7 |
| 42 | 1.26 | 11 | 3 |
| 43 | 1.27 | 12 | 3 |
| 44 | 1.28 | 12 |  |
| 45 | 1.29 | 12 |  |
| 46 | 1.29 | 7 |  |
| 47 | 1.30 | 4 |  |
| 48 | 1.31 | 3 |  |
| Average Premium |  |  |  |
| Floors 8 to Last Floor Below PH |  | 1.14 | 1.12 |
| Bottom 2/3 |  | 1.10 | 1.09 |
| Top 1/3 |  | 1.24 | 1.21 |
| PH Floors |  | 1.30 | 1.26 |

[^3]Table 16
View Premium Source Data
Financial Feasibility Analysis of High-Rise Prototypes
Emeryville, CA
Source: Property websites

| Floor | NEMA SF (June 2019) |  |  |  | 399 Fremont (June 2019) |  |  |  | 399 Fremont (July 2018) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rent \$/SF ${ }^{2}$ |  | Premium/FI. $\%^{1}$ |  | Rent \$/SF ${ }^{2}$ |  | Premium/FI. \% ${ }^{1}$ |  | Rent \$/SF ${ }^{2}$ |  | Premium/FI. \% ${ }^{1}$ |  |
|  | Studio | 1BR | Studio | 1BR | Studio | 2BR | Studio | 2BR | 1BR | 2BR | 1BR | 2BR |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 |  | \$5.59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | \$6.95 | \$5.59 |  | -0.1\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | \$6.97 | \$5.86 | 0.3\% | 2.4\% |  | \$5.48 |  | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |
| 9 |  | \$5.83 |  | 1.4\% | \$5.90 |  | 0.0\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$5.62 |  |  |  |
| 11 | \$7.15 |  | 0.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |  | \$5.79 |  | 0.6\% |  |  |  |  |  | \$5.75 |  |  |
| 13 |  |  |  |  |  | \$5.95 |  | 1.7\% |  |  |  |  |
| 14 |  | \$5.83 |  | 0.5\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 |  |  |  |  | \$6.52 |  | 1.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 |  | \$5.94 |  | 0.6\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.52 |  | 1.9\% |  |  |  |  |
| 19 |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.21 |  | 1.2\% |  |  |  |  |
| 20 |  | \$5.95 |  | 0.5\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 |  | \$6.08 |  | 0.6\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.19 |  | 0.84\% |  |
| 23 |  | \$6.35 |  | 0.8\% |  |  |  |  |  | \$5.34 |  | -0.65\% |
| 24 |  |  |  |  | \$6.67 | \$6.81 | 0.9\% | 1.5\% |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.47 |  | 0.96\% |
| 26 |  |  |  |  | \$6.60 | \$6.04 | 0.7\% | 0.6\% |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$5.82 |  | 0.08\% |
| 28 |  | \$6.30 |  | 0.6\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.24 |  | 0.57\% |  |
| 30 |  |  |  |  | \$6.58 |  | 0.5\% |  |  | \$6.44 |  | 0.67\% |
| 31 |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.28 |  | 0.6\% |  |  |  |  |
| 32 |  | \$6.23 |  | 0.5\% |  | \$6.00 |  | 0.4\% |  |  |  |  |
| 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.80 |  | 0.87\% |
| 34 |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.33 |  | 0.6\% | \$6.60 |  | 0.73\% |  |
| 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$5.56 |  | -0.14\% |
| 36 |  |  |  |  |  | \$5.45 |  | 0.0\% | \$6.71 | \$6.72 | 0.74\% | 0.70\% |
| 37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.93 |  | 0.82\% |
| 38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \$6.74 |  | 0.66\% |
| Average |  |  | 0.51\% | 0.76\% |  |  | 0.77\% | 0.86\% |  |  | 0.72\% | 0.44\% |
| Average, All Units |  |  | 0.72\% |  |  |  | 0.96\% |  |  |  |  |  |

[^4]
[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Recent land sales are detailed in Table 9.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Based on development proposals.
    ${ }^{2}$ Mixed use projects contain commercial uses that have not been discounted from the land value.
    ${ }^{3}$ Developer is considering financing the project as an affordable housing development, per recent CUP extension request.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ View premium of $0.75 \%$ per floor above floor eight. See Table 15

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Based on recently built tower projects. See Table 16

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Percent increase in rent vs. base floor divided by difference in floors.

